

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 14, 2026



(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-37809
(Commission
File Number)

47-2389984
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

545 Concord Avenue, Suite 210
Cambridge, Massachusetts

(Address of principal executive offices)

02138
(Zip Code)

(857) 702-9600
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	MTVA	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 14, 2026, MetaVia Inc. (the “Company”) issued a press release announcing its financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026 and providing a corporate update. A copy of the press release is furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K (this “Report”).

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 14, 2026, the Company posted an updated corporate presentation to its website at <https://ir.metaviatx.com/events-presentations/presentations>, which the Company may use from time to time in connection with presentations, investor communications or conferences. A copy of the corporate presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Information contained on or accessible through any website reference in the press release or the corporate presentation is not part of, or incorporated by reference in, this Report, and the inclusion of such website addresses in this Report by incorporation by reference of the press release and the corporate presentation is as inactive textual references only.

The information in this Report, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 attached hereto, are furnished pursuant to Item 2.02 and Item 7.01, respectively, and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing. The Company’s submission of this Report shall not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information required to be disclosed solely to satisfy the requirements of Regulation FD.

Forward-Looking Statements

Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 attached hereto contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and are not guarantees of future performance. Further, the forward-looking statements are subject to the limitations listed in Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 and in the other reports of the Company filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including that actual events or results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
99.1	Press Release dated May 14, 2026.
99.2	Corporate Presentation May 2026.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within Inline XBRL document).

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

METAVIA INC.

Date: May 14, 2026

By: /s/ Hyung Heon Kim
Hyung Heon Kim
President and Chief Executive Officer



MetaVia Reports First Quarter 2026 Financial Results and Provides Corporate Update

48 mg Phase 1 Data Demonstrated Potential Best-in-Class Profile for DA-1726 with 9.1% Weight Loss, Improved Glucose Control and Direct Liver Benefit

Key Milestone Achieved with Dosing of the First Patient in Phase 1 Part 3 16-Week Titration Study Evaluating 48 mg (1-Step) and 64 mg (2-Step) Regimens; Data Expected in Fourth Quarter 2026

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14, 2026 – MetaVia Inc. (Nasdaq: MTVA), a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on transforming cardiometabolic diseases, today announced financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026, and provided a corporate strategic update.

“We continued to build strong momentum in the first quarter of 2026 and most recently, as highlighted by the on-time dosing of the first patient in Part 3 of our Phase 1 clinical trial of DA-1726 for obesity, which followed closely on the heels of receiving IRB approval,” said Hyung Heon Kim, Chief Executive Officer of MetaVia. “In this part of the trial, we are evaluating higher doses through optimized titration regimens, including a one-step escalation to 48 mg and a two-step escalation to 64 mg. This strategy is intended to safely reach higher therapeutic doses with improved tolerability, which could represent a meaningful advantage compared to currently marketed therapies that require longer, more gradual titration. Our January financing provides the capital to support the execution of this study, and we look forward to reporting data from Part 3 in the fourth quarter of 2026.”

“This trial is designed to build on the compelling results reported in January from the 8-week, non-titrated 48 mg cohort, which demonstrated robust early weight loss of 9.1%, statistically significant reductions in waist circumference, meaningful improvements in glucose control and direct liver benefit, all with a favorable safety and tolerability profile. Based on these results, we believe DA-1726 has the potential to establish a best-in-class profile in obesity and broader cardiometabolic disease, driven by its differentiated dual GLP-1/glucagon mechanism. We also look forward to presenting additional data from the Phase 1 48 mg dose cohort on the direct liver benefit of DA-1726 at the European Association for the Study of the Liver (EASL) Congress 2026.”

First Quarter 2026 and Subsequent Highlights

- May 2026: Announced the presentation of additional data from the 48 mg Phase 1 trial of DA-1726 at the EASL Congress 2026 in a poster entitled, *Safety, Tolerability, Pharmacokinetics, and Pharmacodynamics of DA-1726, an Oxyntomodulin Analogue, in a Higher-Dose Phase 1 Cohort with Exploratory Noninvasive Liver Assessment*.
 - April 2026: Dosed the first patient in Part 3 of the Phase 1 clinical trial evaluating DA-1726 in obese, otherwise healthy adults, consisting of two 16-week titration cohorts designed to evaluate one-step dose titration to 48 mg and two-step dose titration to 64 mg, designed to safely achieve higher target doses and further optimize tolerability.
 - March 2026: Received IRB approval from Clinical Pharmacology of Miami for the Phase 1 Part 3 16-week titration study of DA-1726.
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- March 2026: Announced a comprehensive global intellectual property portfolio supporting vanoglipel with 48 granted and pending patents across three patent families in the U.S., Europe, Japan, China and other countries, providing protection into 2035, unless extended further. Exclusively licensed from Dong-A ST Co., Ltd., the patent portfolio provides broad protection for vanoglipel itself, how it is manufactured, and its potential use across a range of serious metabolic and liver conditions.
- February 2026: Strengthened global intellectual property position for DA-1726 with 39 granted and pending patents in the U.S. and internationally, providing protection through at least 2041, unless extended further. Exclusively licensed from Dong-A ST Co., Ltd., the portfolio broadly covers DA-1726's novel peptide structure, its long-acting dual-incretin design, and therapeutic use across obesity, metabolic disease, and related cardiometabolic conditions.
- February 2026: Announced positive AI-modeling results from the ongoing collaboration with Syntekabio, Inc., an AI-driven drug discovery company, leveraging their proprietary DeepMatcher® platform. The results confirmed vanoglipel's strong inflammatory and cardiometabolic target engagement, supporting development in MASH and, potentially, type 2 diabetes.
- January 2026: Closed an underwritten public offering of shares of common stock, pre-funded warrants, Series C Common Warrants and Series D Common Warrants for gross proceeds of approximately \$9.3 million, prior to deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses and excluding any potential future proceeds from the exercise of warrants.
- January 2026: Announced positive, statistically significant results from the 8-week (extended from four weeks) non-titrated 48 mg MAD cohort of the Phase 1 clinical trial of DA-1726. The results showed robust early weight loss, statistically significant reductions in waist circumference, strong improvements in glucose control, and meaningful reductions in liver stiffness, alongside a favorable safety and tolerability profile.

Anticipated Clinical Milestones

- **DA-1726 in Obesity:**
 - Data readout from Phase 1 Part 3, 16-week titration studies, evaluating titration to 48 mg in one step and 64 mg via a two-step regimen, is expected in the fourth quarter of 2026.
- **Vanoglipel (DA-1241) in MASH:**
 - The Company is currently working to schedule an end-of-Phase 2 meeting with the FDA.

First Quarter Financial and Operating Results

- **Research and Development (R&D) Expenses** were approximately \$2.1 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026, as compared to approximately \$2.3 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025. The decrease of approximately \$0.2 million was primarily attributable to (i) \$0.1 million in lower direct R&D expenses related to vanoglipel product development and (ii) \$0.1 million in lower indirect employee compensation and benefits costs. Included in direct R&D costs were expenses totaling \$0.7 million and \$1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and 2025, respectively, related to investigational drug manufacturing, non-clinical and preclinical costs incurred under the Shared Services Agreement with Dong-A ST (related party).
 - **General and Administrative (G&A) Expenses** were approximately \$1.9 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026, as compared to approximately \$1.6 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025. The approximately \$0.3 million increase was primarily attributable to (i) approximately \$0.1
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million in higher consulting expenditures, (ii) approximately \$0.1 million in higher franchise tax expenses, and (iii) \$0.1 million in higher legal and professional fees.

- **Total Operating Expenses** were approximately \$4.0 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026, compared to approximately \$3.9 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025. The approximately \$0.1 million increase was primarily attributable to higher G&A expenses and was partially offset by lower R&D expenses.
- **Total Other Income** was approximately \$0.2 million for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026, consistent with the corresponding period in 2025.
- **Net Loss** was \$3.8 million, or \$0.79 per basic and diluted share, for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026 based on 4,859,567 weighted average shares of common stock outstanding, compared with a net loss of \$3.7 million, or \$3.93 per basic and diluted share, based on 933,109 weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025.
- **Cash and cash equivalents** was \$13.7 million as of March 31, 2026, compared with \$10.2 million as of December 31, 2025. The company expects its cash position will be adequate to fund operations into the fourth quarter of 2026.

About MetaVia

MetaVia Inc. is a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on transforming cardiometabolic diseases. The company is currently developing DA-1726 for the treatment of obesity, and is developing vanoglipel (DA-1241) for the treatment of Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated Steatohepatitis (MASH). DA-1726 is a novel oxyntomodulin (OXM) analogue that functions as a glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor (GLP1R) and glucagon receptor (GCGR) dual agonist. OXM is a naturally-occurring gut hormone that activates GLP1R and GCGR, thereby decreasing food intake while increasing energy expenditure, thus potentially resulting in superior body weight loss compared to selective GLP1R agonists. In a Phase 1 multiple ascending dose (MAD) trial in obesity, DA-1726 demonstrated best-in-class potential for weight loss, glucose control, and waist reduction. Vanoglipel is a novel G-protein-coupled receptor 119 (GPR119) agonist that promotes the release of key gut peptides GLP-1, GIP, and PYY. In pre-clinical studies, vanoglipel demonstrated a positive effect on liver inflammation, lipid metabolism, weight loss, and glucose metabolism, reducing hepatic steatosis, hepatic inflammation, and liver fibrosis, while also improving glucose control. In a Phase 2a clinical study, vanoglipel demonstrated direct hepatic action in addition to its glucose lowering effects.

For more information, please visit www.metaviatx.com.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this press release may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "believes", "expects", "anticipates", "may", "will", "should", "seeks", "approximately", "potential", "intends", "projects", "plans", "estimates" or the negative of these words or other comparable terminology (as well as other words or expressions referencing future events, conditions or circumstances) are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are predictions, projections and other statements about future events that are based on current expectations and assumptions and, as a result, are subject to risks and uncertainties. Many factors could cause actual future events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this press release, including, without limitation, those risks associated with MetaVia's history of net losses, the sufficiency of its existing cash on hand to fund operations and raising additional capital; adverse global economic conditions; MetaVia's ability to execute

on its commercial strategy; the timeline for regulatory submissions; the ability to obtain regulatory approval through the development steps of MetaVia's current and future product candidates; the ability to realize the benefits of the license agreement with Dong-A ST Co. Ltd., including the impact on future financial and operating results of MetaVia; the cooperation of MetaVia's contract manufacturers, clinical study partners and others involved in the development of MetaVia's current and future product candidates; potential negative interactions between MetaVia's product candidates and any other products with which they are combined for treatment; MetaVia's ability to initiate and complete clinical trials on a timely basis; MetaVia's ability to recruit subjects for its clinical trials; whether MetaVia receives results from MetaVia's clinical trials that are consistent with the results of pre-clinical and previous clinical trials; impact of costs related to the license agreement, known and unknown, including costs of any litigation or regulatory actions relating to the license agreement; the effects of changes in applicable laws, regulations or Nasdaq listing rules; the effects of changes to MetaVia's stock price; and other risks and uncertainties described in MetaVia's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including MetaVia's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date when made. MetaVia does not assume any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Contacts:

MetaVia

Marshall H. Woodworth
Chief Financial Officer
+1-857-299-1033
marshall.woodworth@metaviatx.com

Rx Communications Group

Michael Miller
+1-917-633-6086
mmiller@rxir.com

- Tables to Follow -

MetaVia Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited - In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	As of	
	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,731	\$ 10,278
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	431	597
Total current assets	14,162	10,875
Property and equipment, net	12	17
Right-of-use asset	193	210
Other assets	21	21
Total assets	\$ 14,388	\$ 11,123
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,007	\$ 1,060
Clinical trial accrued liabilities	627	79
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	456	993
Warrant liabilities	19	136
Related party payable	3,012	3,312
Lease liability, short-term	71	68
Total current liabilities	5,192	5,648
Lease liability, long-term	123	142
Total liabilities	5,315	5,790
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized and no shares issued or outstanding as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025; 5,164,370 and 2,308,294 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively	5	2
Additional paid-in capital	161,721	154,161
Accumulated deficit	(152,653)	(148,830)
Total stockholders' equity	9,073	5,333
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 14,388	\$ 11,123

MetaVia Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited - In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Operating expenses		
Research and development	\$ 2,101	\$ 2,327
General and administrative	1,924	1,559
Total operating expenses	4,025	3,886
Loss from operations	(4,025)	(3,886)
Other income		
Gain from change in fair value of warrant liabilities	117	87
Interest income, net	85	128
Total other income	202	215
Loss before income taxes	(3,823)	(3,671)
Provision for income taxes	—	—
Net loss	(3,823)	(3,671)
Loss per share of common stock, basic and diluted	\$ (0.79)	\$ (3.93)
Weighted average shares of common stock, basic and diluted	4,859,567	933,109



MetaVia Inc.
*Transforming
Cardiometabolic
Diseases*

Investor Presentation
May 2026

Nasdaq: MTVA
www.metaviatx.com



Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts and can be identified by the use of words such as “believes”, “expects”, “anticipates”, “may”, “will”, “should”, “seeks”, “approximately”, “intends”, “projects”, “plans”, “estimates” or the negative of these words or other comparable terminology (as well as other words or expressions referencing future events, conditions or circumstances). Forward-looking statements are predictions, projections and other statements about future events that are based on current expectations and assumptions and, as a result, are subject to risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the market size and potential growth opportunities of our current product candidates; the safety, efficacy, tolerability and other potential benefits, such as weight loss, associated with our current product candidates; the competitive differentiators of our current product candidates; our planned clinical trial activities for our current product candidates; and the expected timeline for topline data release dates. Many factors could cause actual future events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements in this presentation, including, without limitation, those risks associated with our history of net losses, the sufficiency of our existing cash on hand to fund operations and raising additional capital; adverse global economic conditions; our ability to execute on our commercial strategy; the timeline for regulatory submissions; the ability to obtain regulatory approval through the development steps of our current and future product candidates; the ability to realize the benefits of the license agreement with Dong-A ST Co. Ltd. (the “License Agreement”), including the impact on our future financial and operating results; the cooperation of our contract manufacturers, clinical study partners and others involved in the development of our current and future product candidates; potential negative interactions between our product candidates and any other products with which they are combined for treatment; our ability to initiate and complete clinical trials on a timely basis; our ability to recruit subjects for its clinical trials; whether we receive results from our clinical trials that are consistent with the results of pre-clinical and previous clinical trials; impact of costs related to the License Agreement, known and unknown, including costs of any litigation or regulatory actions relating to the License Agreement; the effects of changes in applicable laws, regulations or Nasdaq listing rules; and the effects of changes to our stock price. These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and our current plans or expectations and are subject to a number of known and unknown uncertainties, risks and other important factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These and other important factors are described in detail in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

While we may elect to update such forward-looking statements at some point in the future, except as required by law, we disclaim any obligation to do so, even if subsequent events cause our views to change. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any date subsequent to this presentation.

This presentation also may contain estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.



Market Opportunity: Obesity and MASH

MetaVia is Positioned to Pursue Two *Fast-Growing, Multi-Billion Dollar Markets*

- **Obesity: A Massive Global Therapeutic Market**
 - **650M+ adults worldwide** are clinically obese
 - Market expected to grow from ~\$10B today to **\$80B–\$130B+ annually by 2030**

- **MASH: Emerging Multi-Billion Dollar Category**
 - An estimated **5–6% of adults globally** may have MASH, especially in obesity & diabetes populations
 - Until recently, **no approved drug therapies**
 - Analysts forecast a **\$20B–\$35B+** annual market as treatments enter the clinic and gain coverage
 - **Combination therapies** expected to be standard, increasing lifetime value per patient



Targeting **Obesity and MASH** with a Pipeline of **Next Generation Therapeutics**

• **DA-1726:**

- ✓ Potential **best-in-class profile** for weight loss, glucose control, direct liver benefit and safety shown in Phase 1 studies
 - At 48 mg (no titration) (at Day 54) **-9.1% weight loss, -3.8-inch reduction in waist, -0.22 HbA1c, and -23.7% liver stiffness (VCTE), mostly mild to moderate side effects**
- ✓ **Well-tolerated at 48 mg**; now optimizing tolerability with planned **stepwise titration up to 64 mg**
 - Part 3a (One-step): 16 mg (4 weeks) → 48 mg (12 weeks)
 - Part 3b (Two-step): 16 mg (4 weeks) → 32 mg (4 weeks) → 64 mg (8 weeks)
- Data expected by YE 2026

• **Vanoglipel (DA-1241)**

- ✓ Phase 2a in presumed MASH **met primary endpoint** and demonstrated **direct liver benefit**
- ✓ **Significant HbA1c reductions** at 100 mg vs placebo at Week 16
- Additional exploratory endpoints including MRI-PDFF to be presented at major medical conferences
- Actively seeking **combination/licensing partner**



Strong Leadership Team

Executive Management



Hyung Heon Kim, Chief Executive Officer

- 20+ years of experience in M&A, financing and corporate governance
- 10+ years of licensing, M&A and compliance with Dong-A Group
- Former General Counsel/SVP at Dong-A ST and Dong-A Socio Group
- BA Soonghsil University, JD Washington University School of Law



Marshall H. Woodworth, Chief Financial Officer

- 35+ years of financial experience
- 20+ years working with life science investors and analysts
- CFO of Nevakar Inc., Braeburn Pharmaceuticals Inc., Aerocrine AB and Furiex Pharmaceuticals Inc.
- BS University of Maryland, MBA Indiana University

Non-Executive Management



Mi-Kyung Kim, Ph.D., RPh, Chief Scientific Officer

- 25+ years in drug discovery research at Dong-A ST
- Specialized in diabetes, obesity, MASH, immune-mediated diseases
- Ph.D., RPh, College of Pharmacy, Ewha Womans University



Chris Fang, MD, Advisor/Consulting Chief Medical Officer

- 20+ years of experience in clinical development, R&D and medical affairs
- Career focused on obesity, MASH, diabetes and other indications
- Held key roles at Eli Lilly, IQVIA, Acer Health and Johnson & Johnson
- BA UCLA, Master of Health Science John Hopkins, MD Cornell, MBA Wharton



Robert Homolka, SVP Clinical Operations

- 35+ years in pharmaceutical and biotech development
- Sr. director of clinical operations in Adiso Therapeutics
- Director of clinical operations at Shire/Takeda pharmaceuticals
- Director of experimental trial management at AstraZeneca





Multiple Near-Term Catalysts to Drive Shareholder Value

	2025	2026	2027
DA-1726	√ Q2/Q3 2025 Phase 1 Additional SAD/MAD Studies	√ Q4 2025 Phase 1 Additional SAD/MAD data	
Obese Otherwise Healthy	<i>To explore maximum tolerated dose</i>	√ Q1 2026 Phase 1 Part 3 Initiation	Q4 2026 Phase 1 Part 3 Data Readout
Obese with MASH			1H 2027* Phase 2 Obesity Otherwise Healthy Study Initiation
Vanoglipel (DA-1241)		H1 2026 Meeting with FDA	

*These milestones assume regulatory and clinical success, which is not guaranteed
*Gray boxes are prospective future studies, the timing and occurrence of which are subject to various factors



DA-1726

A Novel **GLP1R/GCGR**
Dual Agonist for the
Treatment of **Obesity**

DA-1726: Mechanism of Action - Reduces Appetite & Boosts Burning of Calories



Dual-Acting Therapy Leveraging the GLP-1 and Glucagon Pathways (3:1 Ratio)

DA-1726 (Oxyntomodulin Analogue)

- Mimics a natural gut hormone released after meals

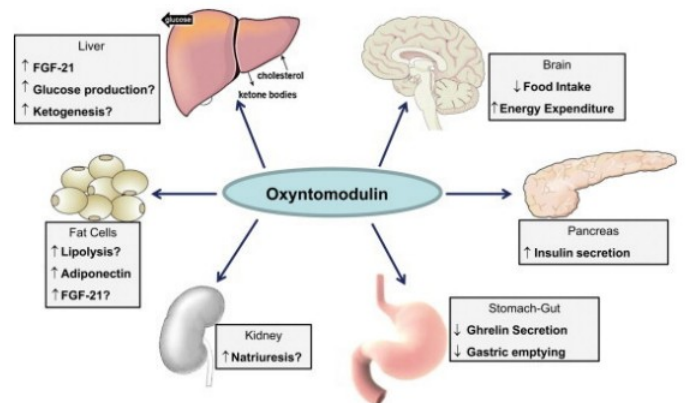
GLP-1 Receptor Activation (3x)

- Reduces appetite
- Decreases food intake

Glucagon Receptor Activation (1x)

- Increases energy expenditure
- Boosts calorie burning

Combined Effect: Superior Weight Loss Potential



Physiological effects of oxyntomodulin¹

GLP1R/GCGR: glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor/glucagon receptor); GLP-1:glucagon-like peptide 1
1. Pocai A. Mol Metab.2014;3:241-51.



Competitive Landscape – Efficacy

	DA-1726	Pemvidutide ¹	Mazdutide ²	Survodutide ³	Retatrutide
Developer	MetaVia	Altimune	Innovent/Lilly	Boehringer Ingelheim/Zelanda	Lilly
Status	Phase 1	Phase 3 ready	Phase 2 in US	Phase 3	Phase 3
Action	GLP-1R/GCGR (3:1)	GLP-1R/GCGR (1:1)	GLP-1R/GCGR (Unknown)	GLP-1R/GCGR (8:1)	GLP-1/GCGR/(1.3:1:29.7)
Administration	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection
Current Titration	No titration in Phase 1	No titration in Phase 1	5 Step (1.5, 3, 6, 9, 12, 16mg)	7 Step (0.3, 0.6, 0.9, 1.2, 1.8, 2.4, 3.3, 4.2, 4.8mg)	3 Step (2, 4, 8, 16mg)
Body Weight Loss in Phase 1 MAD	Phase 1 8 weeks (Day 54) (no titration) 9.1% (48 mg)	Phase 1b 12 weeks (no titration) 10.3% (1.8mg) 9% (2.4mg)	Phase 2 48 weeks -22.3% Week 8: less than 5% Week 16: between 9~10%	Placebo adjusted Phase 2 46 weeks -16.7% Week 8: less than -6%	Phase 2 48 weeks -24.2% (12mg) Week 8: between
Fasting Glucose (mg/dL)	-12.3 mg/dL HbA1c @ 8 weeks (Day 54) (48 mg)	-0.8 mg/dL @ 12 weeks (2.4mg)	Phase 2 48 weeks (obese Healthy, 16mg) -12.3 mg/dL, HbA1c -0.6% Week 8 glucose: nominal change from baseline	Phase 1 6 weeks did not show any treatment effect at any time point Max -8.7 mg/dL @ day 107 (close to week 16)	Phase 2 48 weeks (Obese Healthy, 16mg) -10.6 mg/dL HbA1c -0.4%
Waist Circumference (cm)	-9.8 cm @ 8 weeks (Day 54) (48 mg)	-10.2cm @ 24 weeks (2.4mg)	Phase 2 48 weeks -16.6cm (16mg) Week 8: Less than 5cm (16mg)	Up to -16cm @ 46 weeks	Phase 2 48 weeks -19.6cm Week 8: less than

❖ Data in the above table were gathered from publicly available company reports, scientific journals and posters. As each clinical study presented above vary in protocol design, study population, baseline characteristics, duration, titration scheme and dose levels, this table is not intended to provide direct comparison nor a result of head-to-head study. This is only to show potential trends not direct comparison.

1. Company presentations, including, Stephen A. Harrison et al., 2022 EASL Conference, Pemvidutide (ALT-801), a novel GLP-1/glucagon dual receptor agonist, achieves rapid and potent reductions in body weight and liver fat: Results of a placebo controlled, double blinded human (FIH) clinical trial
 2. Company presentation, Stanley H. Hsia et al., Obesity Week 2025, Mazdutide (LY3305677) in Participants With Obesity or Overweight: A Phase 2 Dose-Finding Study
 3. Arvid Jungnik et al., 2022, Wiley, DOI: 10.1111/dom.14948, Matthias Blüher et al., 2023, Diabetologia DOI: 10.1007/s00125-023-06053-9, Carel W le Roux et al., Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol 2024; 12: 162-73
 4. Tamer Coskun et al., 2018, Molecular Metabolism 18, DOI: 10.1016/j.molmet.2018.09.009, Juan Pablo Frias et al., 2020, Wiley, DOI: 10.1111/dom.13979
 5. Shweta Urva et al., Lancet 2022; 400: 1869-81, Ania M. Jastreboff et al., N Engl J Med 2023; 389:514-26





Competitive Landscape – Adverse Events

	DA-1726	Pemvidutide ¹	Mazdutide ²	Survodutide ³	Retatrutide
Developer	MetaVia	Altimune	Innovent/Lilly	Boehringer Ingelheim/Zeland	Lilly
Status	Phase 1	Phase 3 ready	Phase 2/3	Phase 3	Phase 3
Action	GLP-1R/GCGR (3:1)	GLP-1R/GCGR (1:1)	GLP-1R/GCGR (Unknown)	GLP-1R/GCGR (8:1)	GLP-1R/GCGR (1.3:1:29.7)
Administration	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly injection	Once weekly inj
Current Titration	No titration in Phase 1	No titration in Phase 1	5 Step (1.5, 3, 6, 9, 12, 16mg)	7 Step (0.3, 0.6, 0.9, 1.2, 1.8, 2.4, 3.3, 4.2, 4.8mg)	3 Step (2, 4, 8, 16mg)
Adverse Events	Phase 1 (48 mg) @ 8 weeks (Day 54)	Phase 1 MAD (2.4mg) @ 12 weeks	Phase 2 (16mg) @ 48 weeks 92.2% with at least 1 TEAE	Phase 2 @ 46 weeks 91% TEAEs	Phase 2 (12mg) @ 48 weeks 92% with any TEAEs
	83.3% mild or moderate vomiting	72.8% mild or moderate vomiting	45.1% vomiting	24% vomiting	19% vomiting
	50% mild or moderate nausea	91% mild or moderate nausea	60.8% nausea	59% nausea	45% nausea
	0% constipation	18.2% constipation	35.3% Constipation	24% constipation	16% constipation
	16.7% mild diarrhea	18.2% diarrhea	25.5% diarrhea	17% diarrhea	15% diarrhea
Discontinuations Due to AEs	Phase 1 @ 8 weeks (Day 54) , no discontinuations	Phase 1 MAD @ 12 weeks, no discontinuations 19.6% @ 48 weeks	19.6% discontinuation 2 cases of SAEs	Phase 1 @ 6 weeks 7.5% Phase 2 @ 46 weeks 24.6%	Phase 2 (12mg) @ 48 weeks 2 cases of SAEs
AE of Special Interest					Hypersensitivity Antidrug antibod Cardiac arrhythm

❖ **Data in the above table were gathered from publicly available company reports, scientific journals and posters. As each clinical study presented above vary in protocol design, study population, baseline characteristics, duration, titration scheme and dose levels, this table is not intended to provide direct comparison nor a result of head-to-head study. This is only to show potential trends not direct comparison.**

1. Company presentations, including, Stephen A. Harrison et al., 2022 EASL Conference, Pemvidutide (ALT-801), a novel GLP-1/glucagon dual receptor agonist, achieves rapid and potent reductions in body weight and liver fat: Results of a placebo controlled, double blinde human (FIH) clinical trial
 2. Company presentation, Stanley H. Hsia et al., Obesity Week 2025, Mazdutide (LY3305677) in Participants With Obesity or Overweight: A Phase 2 Dose-Finding Study
 3. Arvid Jungnik et al., 2022, DOI: 10.1111/dom.14948, Matthias Blüher et al., 2023, Diabetologia DOI: 10.1007/s00125-023-06053-9, Carel W le Roux et al., Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol 2024; 12: 162-73
 4. Tamer Coskun et al., 2018, Molecular Metabolism 18, DOI: 10.1016/j.molmet.2018.09.009
 5. Shweta Urva et al., Lancet 2022; 400: 1869-81, Ania M. Jastreboff et al., N Engl J Med 2023; 389:514-26





Recent Obesity Drug Transactions

Big Pharma has Committed Over \$15 Billion in Obesity/MASH Licensing Deals in the Past 12 Months

Companies	Date	Stage	Description	Drug	Deal Structure	Deal Terms
Pfizer / Metsera	November 2025	Phase 3 Ready (Lead asset)	GLP-1, Amylin analog, Oral peptide GLP-1	MET-097i MET-233i MET-224o MET-097o	M&A	~\$7 billion
Novo Nordisk / Septerna	May 2025	Pre-IND	Oral Small Molecules Directed to GPCR Targets, Including GLP-1, GIP and Glucagon	UBT251	Exclusive Global Collaboration and License	\$200 million up front and near-term milestone payments, with up to \$2 billion in milestone payments
Novo Nordisk / United Biotechnology	March 2025	Phase 1 Ready	GLP-1, GIP and Glucagon	UBT251	Global License, excluding Chinese mainland, Hong Kong, Macau, or Taiwan	\$200 million up front, with up to \$1 billion in milestone payments
AbbVie / Gubra	March 2025	Phase 1	Long-acting amylin analog	GUB01429	Global License	\$350 million up front, with potential milestone payments up to \$1.875 billion
Roche / Zealand Pharma	March 2025	Phase 2	Amylin analogue, as stand-alone therapy & in combination with Roche's incretin, CT-388	Petrelintide (ZP8396)	Collaboration, Co-Development and Co-Commercialization	\$1.65 billion up front, with \$1.2 billion in milestones linked to Phase 3 and sales-based milestones of \$2.4 billion
Carmot Therapeutics / Roche	January 2024	Phase 1	GLP-1/GIP agonist GLP-1 GLP-1/GIP	CT-388 CT-996 CT-868	M&A	\$2.7 billion





DA-1726: Program Summary & Path Forward

DA-1726: Differentiated efficacy with *best-in-class potential* across *weight loss, glucose control, liver health, and safety*

48 mg Key Takeaways

Potential best-in-class metabolic profile

- **Strong efficacy without titration:** (at Day 54)
 - **-9.1% body weight**
 - **-3.8 inches waist circumference**
 - **-0.22 HbA1c**
 - **-23.7% liver stiffness (VCTE)**
- **Broad benefit profile:** weight loss, glucose control, and direct liver impact
- **Well-tolerated at 48 mg**, supporting further dose optimization

Next Steps

Advancing dose optimization

- **Tolerability optimization with stepwise titration up to 64 mg**
 - **Part 3a (One-step):** 16 mg (4 wks) → 48 mg (12 wks)
 - **Part 3b (Two-step):** 16 mg (4 wks) → 32 mg (4 wks) → 64 mg (8 wks)
- **Data readout expected by YE 2026**
- **16-week study in obese patients**
 - First patient in targeted **1H 2026**



Vanoglipel (DA-1241)

*Orally Available, Potential
First-in-Class **GPR119**
Agonist for the Treatment of
Metabolic Dysfunction-Associated
Steatohepatitis (**MASH**)*



Vanoglipel (DA-1241): Targeting MASH at Its Source

GPR119 Activation

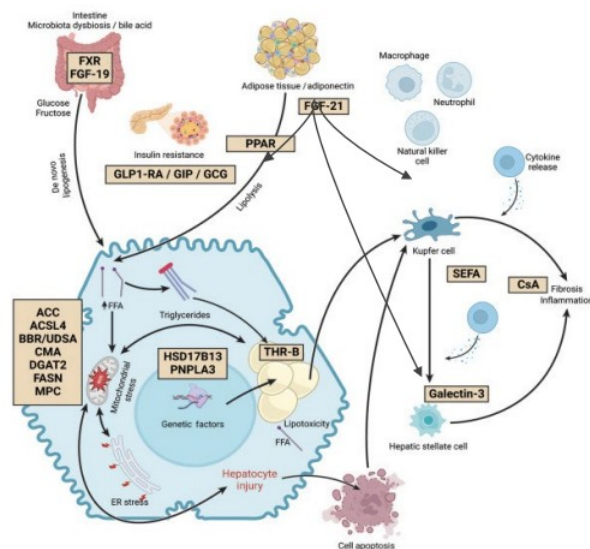
- Found on key **liver and immune cells** driving MASH
- **Acts directly in the liver**, not just indirectly

Potential Benefits in MASH and Metabolism

- Reduce liver fat and inflammation
- Slow or reverse liver scarring (fibrosis)
- **Post-meal blood sugar lowering** in type 2 diabetes (Phase 1 data)

Combination Potential

- Can potentially be used **with other MASH treatments** to enhance efficacy



Harrison et al., Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2023;21(8):2001-2014



Vanoglipel: Liver Protection and Blood Sugar Benefits in MASH

Key Phase 2a Results (randomized, double-blind, 16 weeks, placebo-controlled):

- ✓ **Liver function improved:** ALT reduced by **22.8 U/L**
- ✓ **Inflammation & fibrosis markers improved:** suggesting liver health benefits
- ✓ **Enhanced glucose control** in patients with type 2 diabetes
- ✓ **Well-tolerated:** no treatment-related discontinuations (only 1 in placebo)
- ✓ **Safe in combination therapy**



Support the therapeutic *potential of combining GPR119 agonists with GLP-1 RAs or FGF-21 analogues* for the treatment of MASH:

- ✓ Combination therapy improved liver health—ALT, cholesterol, fat, inflammation, and fibrosis—more than single drugs
- ✓ 94% of combo-treated mice showed significant liver score improvement
- ✓ Reduced liver and blood inflammatory markers with Vanoglipel alone and with EFX
- ✓ Tissue and gene analyses confirmed stronger anti-inflammatory and anti-fibrotic effects
- ✓ Additional anti-fibrotic potential suggested by Hhip upregulation
- ✓ Vanoglipel didn't cause extra weight loss—remained weight-neutral



Vanoglipel: Summary & Next Steps

*Clinical Data Supports Development as Monotherapy or in Combination: **High Unmet Need***

Clinical Rationale & Opportunity

- Vanoglipel is a **novel GPR119 therapy** for MASH and metabolic diseases
- Demonstrated **liver protection** and **glucose control** in Phase 1 & 2a
- Safe and well tolerated, including in **combination therapy**
- Large market opportunity: **MASH ~\$20B by 2032**; growing interest in combination therapies (Madrigal, Novo Nordisk, Roche)

Key Clinical Highlights

- **ALT & liver enzymes improved; HbA1c lowered**
- **Additive benefits** in combination therapy in preclinical models
- **Strong IP protection**, including composition-of-matter patents

Next Steps

- Additional exploratory endpoints including **MRI-PDFF to be presented at major medical conferences**
- **MetaVia has begun partnering discussions**, seeking early indications of interest





Financials and Capitalization



Cash Balance and Capitalization Table

Financial Snapshot	As of March 31, 2026
Cash and cash equivalents	\$13.7 million
Debt	None

Capitalization Table as of March 31, 2026	Common Stock Equivalents
Common Stock	5,164,370
Warrants (WAEP \$7.28) ⁽¹⁾	10,107,106
Options (WAEP \$4,240.22)	420
Restricted Stock Units	138,613
Fully Diluted	15,410,509

1. Includes (i) 2026 Series C warrants to purchase 4,508,361 shares with an exercise price of \$3.10; (ii) 2026 Series D warrants to purchase 4,508,361 shares with an exercise price of \$3.10; (iii) 2026 Pre-funded warrants to purchase 367,740 shares with an exercise price of \$0.001; (iv) 2024 Series B milestone-based warrants to purchase 693,962 shares with an exercise price of \$43.23 per share; (v) 2024 Placement Agent warrants to purchase 11,564 shares with an exercise price of \$54.0375 per share; (vi) 2022 Series B warrants to purchase 16,176 shares with an assumed exercise price of \$0.00 per share; and (vii) 2021 warrants to purchase 942 shares with an exercise price of \$15,919.20 per share. No ratchets, price resets or anti-dilution provisions.



Strong Clinical Progress Across Two High-Impact Programs

Targeting **Obesity and MASH** with a Pipeline of **Next Generation Therapeutics**

- **DA-1726:**

- ✓ Potential **best-in-class profile** for weight loss, glucose control, direct liver benefit and safety shown in Phase 1 studies
 - At 48 mg (no titration) (at Day 54)-**9.1% weight loss, -3.8-inch reduction in waist, -0.22 HbA1c, and -23.7% liver stiffness (VCTE), mostly mild to moderate side effects**
- ✓ **Well-tolerated at 48 mg**; now optimizing tolerability with planned **stepwise titration up to 64 mg**
 - Part 3a (One-step): 16 mg (4 weeks) → 48 mg (12 weeks)
 - Part 3b (Two-step): 16 mg (4 weeks) → 32 mg (4 weeks) → 64 mg (8 weeks)
- Data expected by YE 2026

- **Vanoglipel (DA-1241)**

- ✓ Phase 2a in presumed MASH **met primary endpoint** and demonstrated **direct liver benefit**
- ✓ **Significant HbA1c reductions** at 100 mg vs placebo at Week 16
- Additional exploratory endpoints including MRI-PDFF to be presented at major medical conferences
- Actively seeking **combination/licensing partner**



Positioned for Value Creation in Two High-Growth Markets

- **High-Impact Clinical Programs**
 - **DA-1726:** Obesity program in a rapidly expanding drug class
 - **Vanoglipel:** Novel oral therapy targeting MASH
- **Large, Growing Addressable Populations**
 - **Obesity:** broad population with increasing treatment adoption
 - **MASH:** high unmet need, growing clinical recognition and screening
 - Big pharma validating space via major acquisitions and licensing deals
- **Multiple Paths to Shareholder Value**
 - Upcoming clinical milestones can meaningfully de-risk valuation
 - Potential partnership/licensing opportunities
 - Expanding regulatory clarity in both indications



Thank You!

Investor Contacts:

Rx Communications Group

Michael Miller

+1 917.633.6086

mmiller@rxir.com

MetaVia

Marshall Woodworth

+1 919.749.8748

marshall.woodworth@metaviatx.com



Appendix



DA-1726

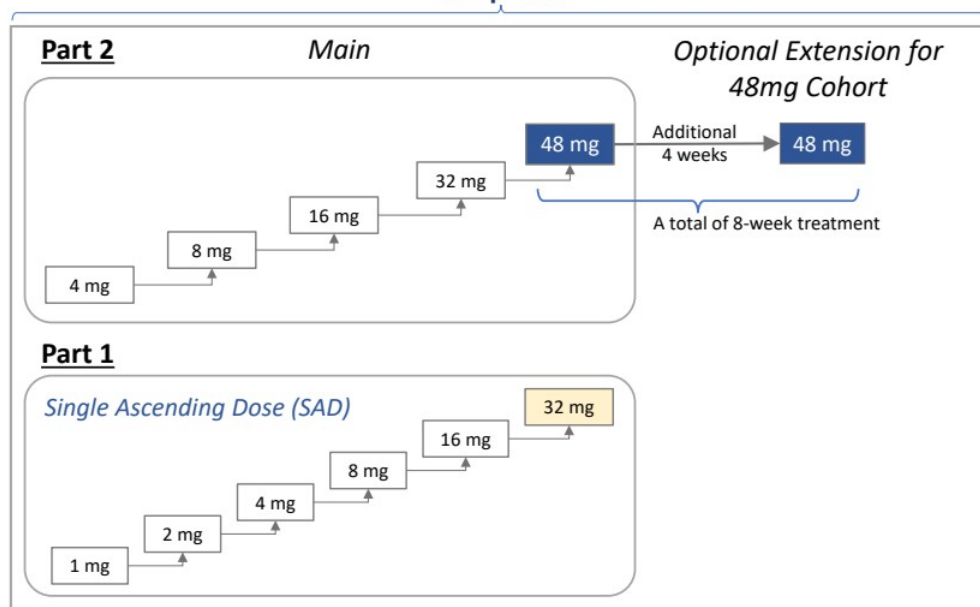
A Novel **GLP1R/GCGR**
Dual Agonist for the
Treatment of **Obesity**



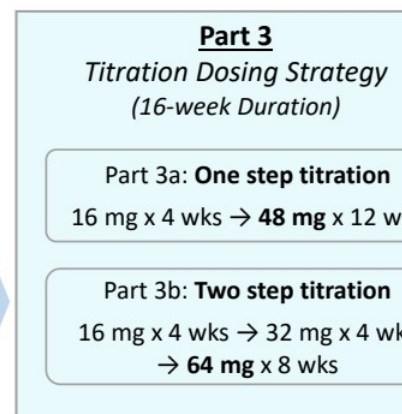
DA-1726: Phase 1 Clinical Program

Carefully planned to evaluate safety and efficacy of DA-1726 and dosing strategy to inform Phase 2 design

Completed



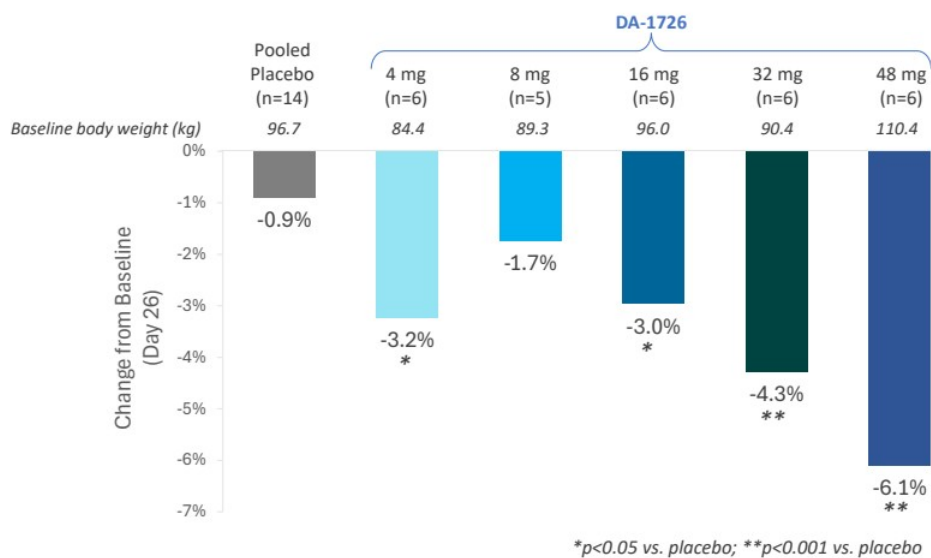
Q1 2026 Initiation





DA-1726 Phase 1 MAD Study: Body Weight Loss on Day 26

Compelling, dose-dependent body weight loss seen in doses > 8 mg



DA-1726 Phase 1 MAD Study: Body Weight Loss in 48 mg Cohort

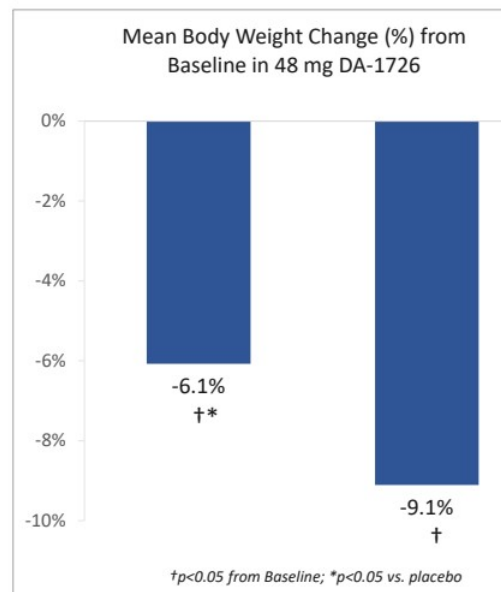


	Mean Body Weight	Mean Body Weight Change from Baseline	
	Baseline	Day 26	Day 54
DA-1726 48 mg	110.4 kg	-6.1% (-6.6 kg)	-9.1% (-9.6 kg)
Placebo	109.0 kg	-0.2% (-0.3 kg)	-2.8% (-3.1 kg)*
Placebo adjusted		-5.9%	-6.3%
Placebo adjusted excluding outlier*		-5.1%	-7.7%

*One placebo subject in the extension period reported implementing no carbohydrate diet while participating in the study which may have led to a substantial weight loss.

Potentially best-in-class weight loss seen in 48 mg DA-1726 with no titration

64 mg DA-1726 with 2-step titration dosing to be evaluated in Part 3



DA-1726 Phase 1 MAD Study: Waist Circumference Change in 48 mg Cohort

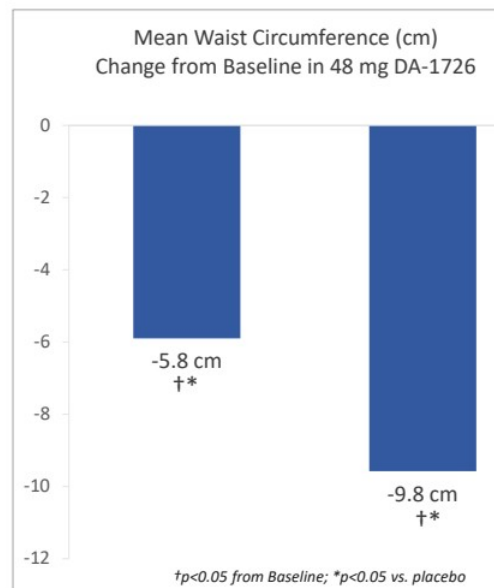


	Mean Waist Circumference	Mean Waist Circumference Change from Baseline	
	Baseline	Day 26	Day 54
DA-1726 48 mg	118.7 cm	-5.0% (-5.8 cm)	-8.5% (-9.8 cm)
Placebo	122.7 cm	-0.3% (-0.3 cm)	-1.2% (-1.5 cm)*
Placebo adjusted		-4.7%	-7.3%
Placebo adjusted excluding outlier*		-3.7%	-7.7%

*One placebo subject in the extension period reported implementing no carbohydrate diet while participating in the study which may have led to a substantial weight loss.

The placebo outlier on no carbohydrate diet did not have a substantial reduction in waist circumference (-1.7% [-2 cm]) relative to the subject's weight loss (-4.3% [-4.4 kg]) on Day 54

Indicator of DA-1726's effect on reducing waist circumference

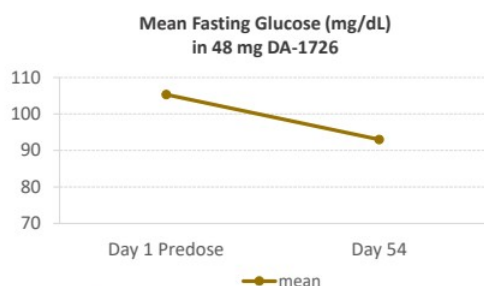


DA-1726 Phase 1 MAD Study: Glucose Control in 48 mg Cohort (Day 54)



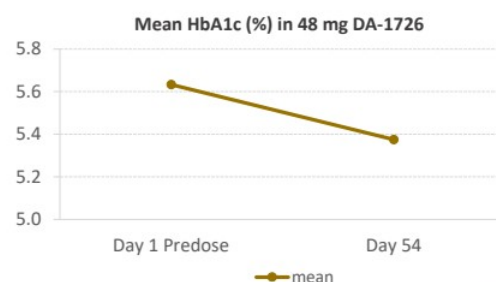
Mean Fasting Glucose

	Baseline	Day 54
DA-1726 48 mg	105.3 mg/dL	93 mg/dL
Placebo	91.3 mg/dL	83 mg/dL



Mean HbA1c

	Baseline	Day 54
DA-1726 48 mg	5.6%	5.4%
Placebo	5.4%	5.3%



Potentially best-in-class glucose control with mean HbA1c change by -0.22% point in non-diabetic subjects after 8 weeks of 48 mg DA-1726 treatment

Pre-diabetic subjects with mean HbA1c of 6% at baseline was reduced to 5.5% by Day 54



DA-1726 Phase 1 MAD Study: VCTE in 48 mg Cohort (Day 54)

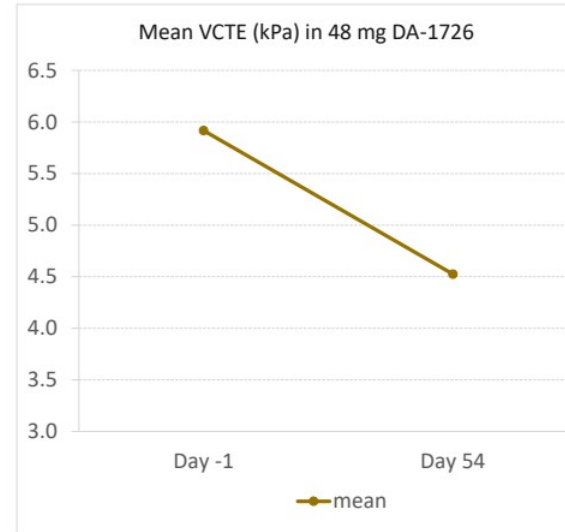


Mean VCTE

	Baseline	Day 54
DA-1726 48 mg	5.9 kPa	4.5 kPa
Placebo	5.1 kPa	6 kPa

VCTE (FibroScan®) is the most widely used imaging-based non-invasive test for liver stiffness, with <6.0 kPa being F0-F1 in fibrosis. FDA indicated that VCTE can be a non-invasive biomarker in development of MASH drugs.

Regardless of the placebo outlier, 8 weeks of DA-1726 treatment showed significant reduction in VCTE indicating its effects in liver inflammation and stiffness.



VCTE=vibration controlled transient elastography

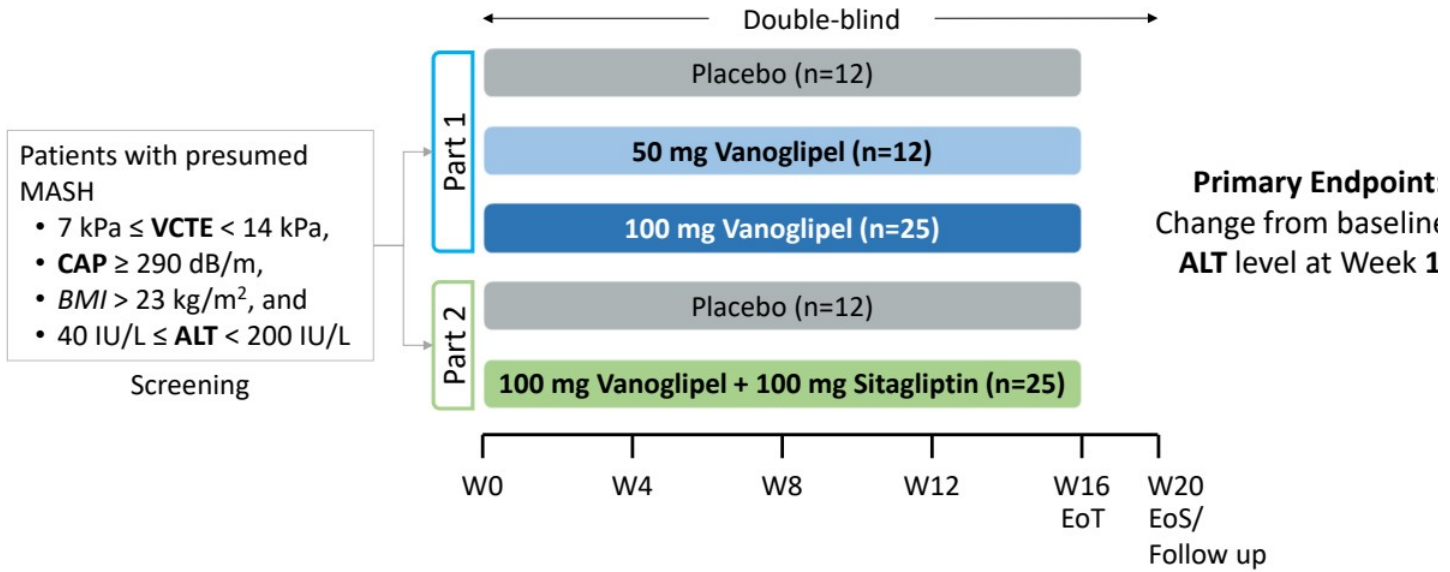




Vanoglipel (DA-1241)

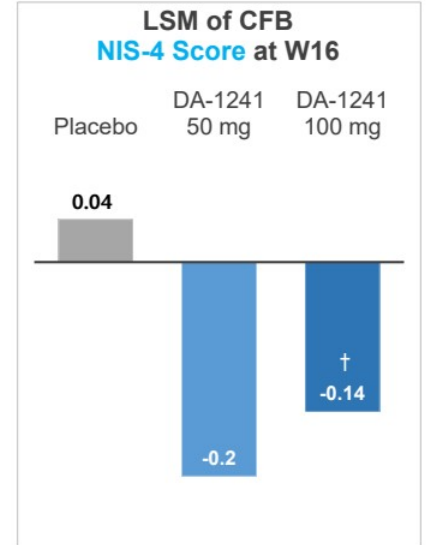
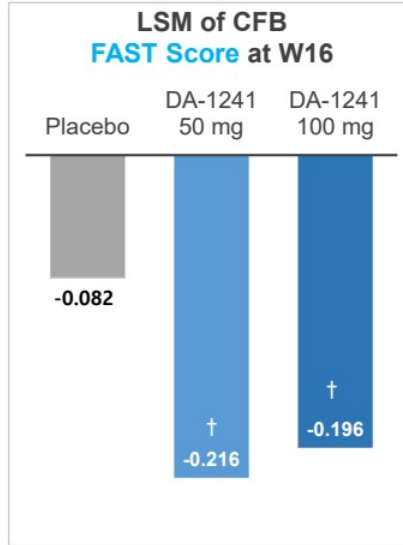
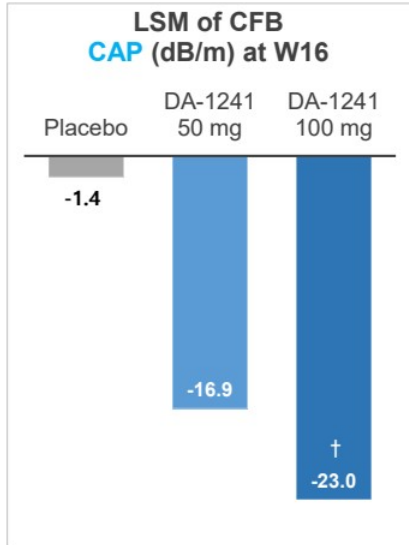
*Orally Available, Potential
First-in-Class GPR119
Agonist for the Treatment of
Metabolic Dysfunction-associated
Steatohepatitis (MASH)*

Phase 2a, 16-week, Randomized Double-blind, Placebo-controlled in Patients with Presumed MASH



ALT=alanine aminotransferase; BMI=body mass index; CAP=controlled attenuation parameter; EoT=end of treatment; EoS=end of study; MASH=metabolic dysfunction associated steatohepatitis; VCTE=vibration controlled transient elastography; W=week

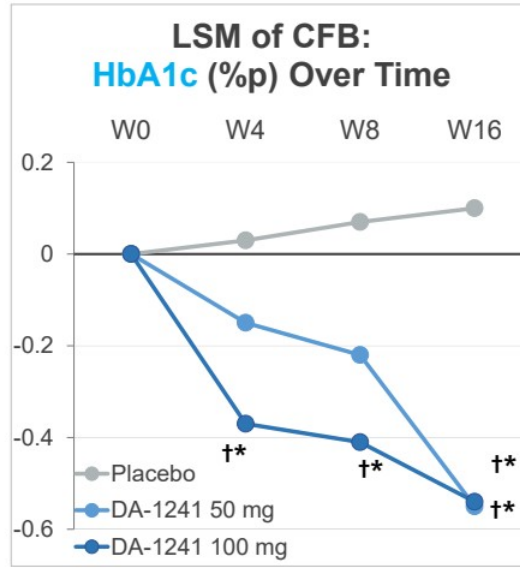
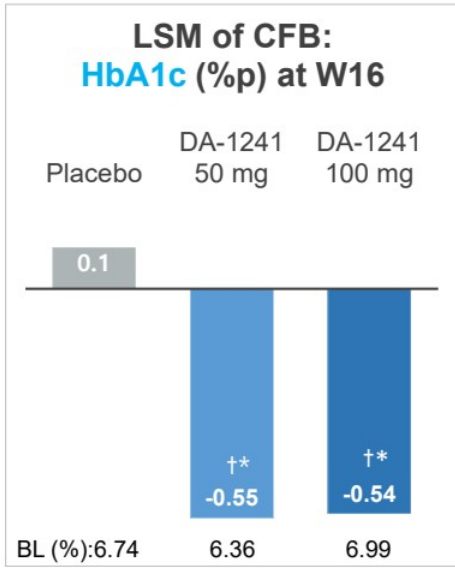




In subjects with $40 \leq \text{ALT} < 200$ U/L at baseline: Placebo (n=21); DA-1241 50 mg (n=9); DA-1241 100 mg (n=17)
 †95% CI not crossing 0

ALT=alanine aminotransferase; AST=aspartate aminotransferase; CAP=controlled attenuation parameter; CFB=change from baseline; CI=confidence interval; FAST=Fibroscan-AST; NIS-4=; LSM=least square mean
 Loomba R, et al. EASL 2025.



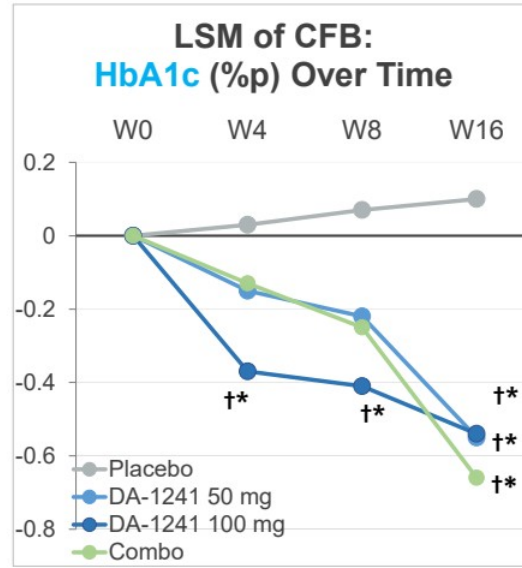
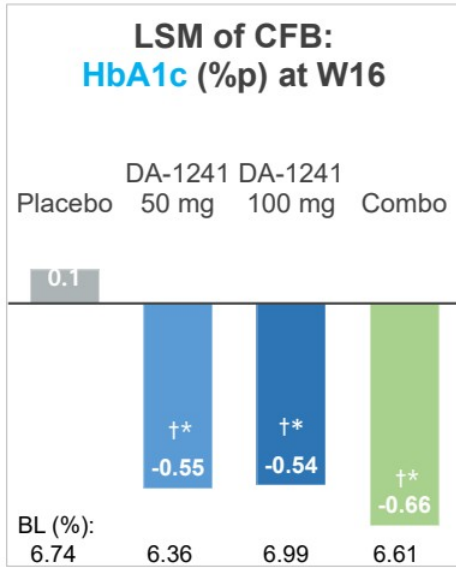


Vanoglipel 100 mg significantly decreased HbA1c as early as Week 4 in presumed MAS patients

Both doses of Vanoglipel significantly improved HbA1c by Week 16

In subjects with 40 ≤ ALT < 200 U/L at baseline: Placebo (n=21); DA-1241 50 mg (n=9); DA-1241 100 mg (n=17)
[†]95% CI not crossing 0

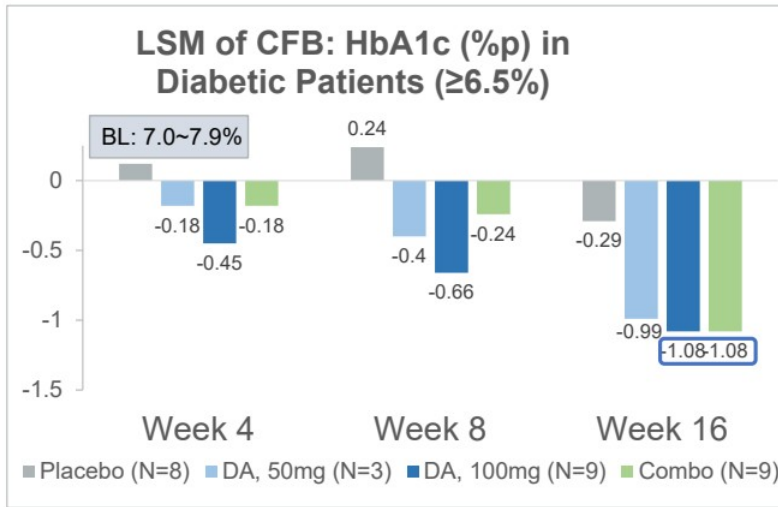
ALT=alanine aminotransferase; BL=baseline; CFB=change from baseline; CI=confidence interval; LSM=least square mean; W=Week
 Loomba R, et al. EASL 2025.



HbA1c reduction was enhanced at Week 16 when Vanoglipel 100 mg was combined with sitagliptin 100 mg in patients with presumed MASH

In subjects with 40 ≤ ALT < 200 U/L at baseline: Placebo (n=21); DA-1241 50 mg (n=9); DA-1241 100 mg (n=17)
 †95% CI not crossing 0

ALT=alanine aminotransferase; BL=baseline; CFB=change from baseline; CI=confidence interval; LSM=least square mean; W=Week
 Loomba R, et al. EASL 2025.



Greater Improvement of Glucose Control was Observed in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes

CFB=change from baseline; LSM=least square mean
Loomba R, et al. EASL 2025.

Vanoglipel Showed a Favorable Safety & Tolerability Profile With No TEAE Leading to IP Discontinuation in Patients w/Presumed MASH



Similar safety profile of the combination arm compared to placebo indicates combinability of vanoglipel with other drugs

n (%)	Placebo (N=32)	Vanoglipel 50 mg (N=14)	Vanoglipel 100 mg (N=26)	Vanoglipel 100 mg + Sitagliptin 100 mg (N=36)
Subjects with any Treatment Related AE	9 (28.1%)	4 (28.6%)	9 (34.6%)	10 (27.8%)
Mild	8 (25.0%)	4 (28.6%)	8 (30.8%)	9 (25.0%)
Moderate	1 (3.1%)	0	1 (3.8%)	1 (2.8%)
Severe	0	0	0	0
Subjects with any Treatment related SAE	0	0	0	0
Subjects with any TEAE leading to study discontinuation	0	0	0	1 (3.1%)
Subjects with any TEAE leading to study drug discontinuation	1 (3.1%)	0	0	0